

Equality & Human Rights Impact Assessment (EHRIA)

This Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment (EHRIA) will enable you to assess the **new**, **proposed or significantly changed** policy/ practice/ procedure/ function/ service** for equality and human rights implications.

Undertaking this assessment will help you to identify whether or not this policy/practice/ procedure/ function/ service** may have an adverse impact on a particular community or group of people. It will ultimately ensure that as an Authority we do not discriminate and we are able to promote equality, diversity and human rights.

Before completing this form please refer to the EHRIA <u>guidance</u>, for further information about undertaking and completing the assessment. For further advice and guidance, please contact your <u>Departmental Equalities Group</u> or <u>equality@leics.gov.uk</u>

**Please note: The term 'policy' will be used throughout this assessment as shorthand for policy, practice, procedure, function or service.

Key Details					
Name of policy being assessed:	Direct Payments Strategy				
Department and section:	Adults and Communities Commissioning and Quality				
Name of lead officer/ job title and	Katie Joondan				
others completing this assessment:	Strategic Planning Officer				
Contact telephone numbers:	0116 305 7832				
Name of officer/s responsible for	Kate Revell				
implementing this policy:	Commissioning Business Manager				
Date EHRIA assessment started:					
Date EHRIA assessment completed:					

Section 1: Defining the policy

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You should begin this assessment by defining and outlining the scope of this policy. You should consider the impact or likely impact of the policy in relation to all areas of equality, diversity and human rights, as outlined in Leicestershire County Council's Equality Strategy.

1 What is new or changed in this policy? What has changed and why?

The Adults and Communities Department are developing a new strategy and vision for how we manage direct payments and how we work with service users, carers and providers who utilise direct payments.

The department has not previously had a specific strategic direction for direct payments. The development plan will set the vision for the next 5 years with specific objectives to meet to improve the direct payments offer for staff, service users, carers and providers.

Does this relate to any other policy within your department, the Council or with other partner organisations? *If yes, please reference the relevant policy or EHRIA. If unknown, further investigation may be required.*

The development plan relates to two key documents

1. Corporate Strategy Context – Leicestershire County Council's Strategic Plan 2018-2022

'Working together for the benefit of everyone: Leicestershire County Council's Strategic Plan 2018-22' has been developed by the council by focusing on the things that will make life better for people in Leicestershire, including the partnerships needed to make these improvements happen.

Five strategic outcomes describe the council's vision for people in the county:

- a) **Strong Economy:** Leicestershire's economy is growing and resilient so that people and businesses can fulfil their potential.
- b) **Wellbeing and Opportunity:** The people of Leicestershire have the opportunities and support they need to take control of their health and wellbeing.
- c) **Keeping People Safe:** People in Leicestershire are safe and protected from harm.
- d) **Great Communities:** Leicestershire communities are thriving and integrated places where people help and support each other and take pride in their local area.
- e) **Affordable and Quality Homes:** Leicestershire has a choice of quality homes that people can afford.

Direct payments have relevance to all of these outcomes, as Leicestershire

residents choosing a direct payment secure their wellbeing and safety through the services which they buy, whilst supporting businesses which provide those services, and potentially having support provided informally through community networks. There is also a link to housing, as many people are supported to live and remain in their own homes through a direct payment, which may pay for domiciliary (home) care or supported living services.

2 Departmental Strategy Context – Promoting Independence, Supporting Communities: Our Vision and Strategy for Adult Social Care 2016-2020

The department's model for social care continues to focus on delivering the **right support** to the **right person**, at the **right time**, in the **right place**, and by the **right partner**. It aims to put the person at the centre, and to ensure that the support they receive can deliver the right outcomes and manage any risks appropriately.

The strategic approach for service planning and delivery is now wellembedded in the department; it seeks to **prevent** need through universal services and promoting wellbeing; **reduce** need through targeted interventions for those at risk; **delay** need through reablement, rehabilitation and recovery; and **meet** need by using a broad set of social resources to ensure affordability.

These principles combine to form the authority's strategy for promoting adults' independence.

Who are the people/ groups (target groups) affected and what is the intended change or outcome for them?

In March 2018 there were 129,975 people in England in receipt of a direct payment. This represents 28% of people accessing long-term adult social care community services. The equivalent figure for Leicestershire County Council was 55%. The department is working to a milestone of 40% for the percentage of service users in receipt of a direct payment. By continuing to achieve this target will ensure that the authority remains to be in the top quartile of all councils nationally.

In March 2018, 2,700 service users, carers and service user representatives in Leicestershire were utilising a direct payment, with 2,100 using a direct payment card. The direct payment card is the authorities preferred way to pay a Direct Payment, which operates in a similar way to normal debit cards except that money is transferred in advance to the DP card account by the department.

The people using direct payments are those service users and carers eligible for social care services. This is in addition to providers who provide care to service users and carers.

It is envisioned that the development plan will after extensive engagement with those affected will result in the following outcomes –

Beneficial outcome	Service users	The authority	Providers
	and		
	carers		
Choice, control and flexibility	✓		
Ability to pool resources with other service users	✓		
Understanding of direct payments and responsibilities	✓		
Offer innovative options	✓	✓	✓
Consistent practices to be trained out and embedded		✓	
Develop business model and grow			√
customer base			•
Transparency	✓	✓	✓
Quality	✓	✓	
Develop third sector businesses and micro-providers	✓	✓	✓
Convenience of direct payment card	✓	✓	
Improved data		✓	✓
Build on existing practice		✓	
Tackle hard to reach areas to serve	✓	✓	✓
Risk management	✓	✓	✓

The key, summarised outcomes for the strategy are to invest and build upon the good work that the authority has already done to:

- Get the personal budget solution right for the individual
- Grow and improve the authority's support for direct payments
- Ensure current and new service users understand the direct payment process
- Through review ensure a direct payment is the best option for existing direct payment users
- Provide an opportunity to work with existing direct payment providers to improve the market
- Increase consistency of staff practice across parts of the county
- Assure quality
- Develop the data that the authority has available about direct payments and those providing services

Will this policy meet the Equality Act 2010 requirements to have due regard to the need to meet any of the following aspects? (Please tick and explain how)

	Yes	No	How?
Eliminate unlawful			One of the aims of the development plan
discrimination,	Χ		is to ensure a consistent approach which
harassment and			will be delivered fairly. This will ensure
victimisation			that people are not discriminated
			against.
Advance equality			Direct payments mean that service users
of opportunity	Χ		and carers have choice and control over
between different			their care. This will enable more
groups			innovative care solutions which may

		enhance equality of opportunity.
Foster good relations between different groups	Х	Part of the vision of the strategy is to improve current practice by introducing consistent documentation and procedures. This will help to ensure good relations by advocating a consistent and compliant approach to all direct payment users, carers and providers.

Section 2: Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment (EHRIA) Screening

Section 2: Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment Screening

The purpose of this section of the assessment is to help you decide if a full EHRIA is required.

If you have already identified that a full EHRIA is needed for this policy/ practice/ procedure/ function/ service, either via service planning processes or other means, then please go straight to Section 3 on Page 7 of this document.

Secti	ion 2		
A: Re	esearch and Consultation		
5.	Have the target groups been consulted about the following?	Yes	No*
	a) their current needs and aspirations and what is		
	important to them;	Х	
	 b) any potential impact of this change on them (positive and negative, intended and unintended); 	Х	
	c) potential barriers they may face	Х	
6.	If the target groups have not been consulted directly, have representatives been consulted or research explored (e.g. Equality Mapping)?		
7.	Have other stakeholder groups/ secondary groups (e.g. carers of service users) been explored in terms of potential unintended impacts?	Х	
8.	*If you answered 'no' to the question above, please use the what consultation you are planning to undertake, or why yo be necessary.	-	

Section 2

B: Monitoring Impact

9.	Are there systems set up to:	Yes	No
	a) monitor impact (positive and negative, intended and unintended) for different groups;	Х	
	b) enable open feedback and suggestions from different communities	Х	

Note: If no to Question 8, you will need to ensure that monitoring systems are established to check for impact on the protected characteristics.

Section 2

C: Potential Impact

10.

Use the table below to specify if any individuals or community groups who identify with any of the 'protected characteristics' may potentially be affected by this policy and describe any positive and negative impacts, including any barriers.

	Yes	No	Comments
Age	X		The strategy will enable a positive impact on the age characteristic. Direct payments issued by Adult Social care are available to all persons eligible for care over the age of 18. In some circumstances Adult Social care direct payments are available to people in transition from children's social care at age 17. A direct payment enables people to choose who their care is provided from and as this includes providers not on managed frameworks it may enable more person centred care that if required is suitable to the persons age. As of December 2018 of the 2467 people
			receiving a direct payment, 935 were over 65 and 1532 were in the 18-64 age category.
Disability	X		The strategy will enable a positive impact on the disability characteristic. This is because the principles of the strategy will lead to promoting independence, utilising personal assets and assist with embedding a progression model. All of these will enable a support plan that is tailored to their individual needs and by having a direct payment they will be able to choose the way this plan is provided.
			As of December 2018 of the 2467 people receiving direct payments, 455 of these had a primary need of mental health support, 1212 of these had a primary need relating to

		physical support and 646 had a primary need of learning disability support.
Gender Reassignment	Х	The strategy will enable a neutral impact on the gender reassignment characteristic. The strategy doesn't specifically target this group.
Marriage and Civil Partnership	Х	The strategy will enable a neutral impact on the marriage and civil partnership characteristic. The strategy doesn't specifically target this group.
Pregnancy and Maternity	X	The strategy will enable a neutral impact on the pregnancy and maternity characteristic. The strategy doesn't specifically target this group.
Race	X	The strategy will enable a neutral impact on the race characteristic. The strategy doesn't specifically target this group. Direct payments may enable people to access carers of a specific race or cultural background including other languages.
Religion or Belief	X	The strategy will enable a neutral impact on the religion or belief characteristic. The strategy doesn't specifically target this group
Sex	Х	The strategy will enable a neutral impact on the sex characteristic. The strategy doesn't specifically target this group. Direct payments may enable people to access carers of a specific gender where managed service providers do not have appropriate staff.
Sexual Orientation	X	The strategy will enable a neutral impact on the sexual orientation characteristic. The strategy doesn't specifically target this group
Other groups e.g. rural isolation, deprivation, health inequality, carers, asylum seeker and refugee communities, looked after children, deprived or disadvantaged communities	X	The strategy will enable a positive impact on other groups. This is because the strategy aims to provide choice and control to everyone and therefore services can be delivered that are not on managed frameworks or have other restrictions. This is particularly helpful in rural areas where there are fewer providers to choose from. Direct payments are also accessible and available to carers without the requirement of the cared for person receiving a direct payment or any service.

	Community Cohesion	X	-	commu	ategy will enable a neutral impact on inity cohesion. The strategy doesn't specifically target this group.			
11.	Are the human rights of individuals <u>potentially</u> affected by this proposal? Could there be an impact on human rights for any of the protected characteristics? (Please tick)							
	apply to your policy individuals are likel	r/ practice/ y to be affe	function ected be	or proc low: [NE	earticle in the Human Rights Act may be dure and how the human rights of B. Include positive and negative the above proposal			
			Yes	No	Comments			
	Part 1: The Conve	ntion- Rig	hts and	Freedo	oms			
	Article 2: Right to	life		Х				
	Article 3: Right no tortured or treated inhuman or degra	d in an ding way		Х				
	Article 4: Right no subjected to slave labour	ery/ forced		X				
	Article 5: Right to security	liberty an	d	X	The direct payments development			
	Article 6: Right to	a fair trial		Х	plan is predominantly a very			
	Article 7: No punis	shment		Х	positive strategy and plan to enhance the direct payments offer			
	Article 8: Right to private and family	•	or	Х	to eligible service users and carers and providers.			
	Article 9: Right to thought, conscient religion	freedom o	of	X	This means that any adverse impact on the human rights of			
	Article 10: Right to of expression	o freedom		Х	service users and carers is not expected.			
	Article 11: Right to of assembly and a			Х				
	Article 12: Right to		••	Х	-			
	Article 14: Right n discriminated aga			Х	_			
	Part 2: The First P	rotocol						
	Article 1: Protection property/ peaceful enjoyment			X				
	Article 2: Right to	education	1	Х				

	Article 3: Right to free elections		Х					
Section 2								
	ecision				T	1		
12.	Is there evidence or any other resuggest that:	eason	to	Yes	No	Unknown		
	a) this policy could have a d affect or adverse impact of section of the community;			X				
	b) any section of the commu face barriers in benefiting proposal			Х				
13.								
	No Impact Positive Impact X Neutral Impact Negative Impact Unknown							
Note: If the decision is 'Negative Impact' or 'Impact Not Known' an EHRIA Report is required.								
14.	Is an EHRIA report required?		Y	es		No X		
			1		1			

Section 2: Completion of EHRIA Screening

Upon completion of the screening section of this assessment, you should have identified whether an EHRIA Report is required for further investigation of the impacts of this policy.

Option 1: If you identified that an EHRIA Report <u>is required</u>, continue to <u>Section 3</u> on Page 7 of this document to complete.

Option 2: If there are <u>no</u> equality, diversity or human rights impacts identified and an EHRIA report <u>is not required</u>, continue to <u>Section 4</u> on Page 14 of this document to complete.

Section 3: Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment (EHRIA) Report

Section 3: Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment Report

This part of the assessment will help you to think thoroughly about the impact of this policy and to critically examine whether it is likely to have a positive or negative impact on different groups within our diverse community. It is also to identify any barriers that may detrimentally affect under-represented communities or groups, who may be disadvantaged by the way in which we carry out our business.

Using the information gathered either within the EHRIA Screening or independently of this process, this EHRIA Report should be used to consider the impact or likely impact of the policy in relation to all areas of equality, diversity and human rights as outlined in Leicestershire County Council's Equality Strategy.

Section 3

A: Research and Consultation

When considering the target groups it is important to think about whether new data needs to be collected or whether there is any existing research that can be utilised.

- **15.** Based on the gaps identified either in the EHRIA Screening or independently of this process, <u>how</u> have you now explored the following and <u>what</u> does this information/data tell you about each of the diverse groups?
 - a) current needs and aspirations and what is important to individuals and community groups (including human rights);
 - b) likely impacts (positive and negative, intended and unintended) to individuals and community groups (including human rights);
 - c) likely barriers that individuals and community groups may face (including human rights)

16. Is any further research, data collection or evidence required to fill any gaps in your

	understanding of the potential or known affects of the policy on target groups?
Wher	n considering who is affected by this proposed policy, it is important to think about
consi	ulting with and involving a range of service users, staff or other stakeholders who be affected as part of the proposal.
17.	Based on the gaps identified either in the EHRIA Screening or independently of this process, <u>how</u> have you further consulted with those affected on the likely impact and <u>what</u> does this consultation tell you about each of the diverse groups?
18.	Is any further consultation required to fill any gaps in your understanding of the potential or known effects of the policy on target groups?

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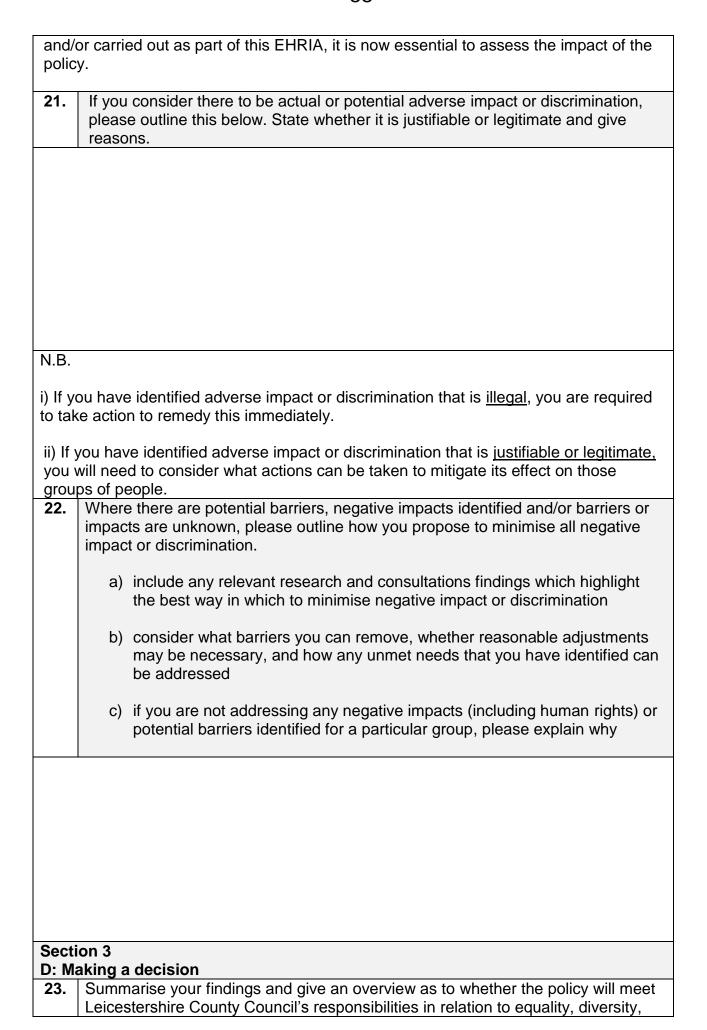
B: Recognised Impact

19. Based on any evidence and findings, use the table below to specify if any individuals or community groups who identify with any 'protected characteristics' are likely be affected by this policy. Describe any positive and negative impacts, including what barriers these individuals or groups may face.

	Comments
Age	
Disability	
Gender Reassignment	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	
Pregnancy and Maternity	
Race	
Religion or Belief	
Sex	
Sexual Orientation	
Other groups e.g. rural isolation, deprivation, health inequality, carers, asylum seeker and refugee communities, looked after children, deprived or disadvantaged communities	
Community Cohesion	

20.	particular Articles in the Human Right human rights of any individuals or co	nts, use the table below to specify if any onto the table below to specify if any of the protected by this proposal? Is any of the protected characteristics?
		Comments
		Commonte
	Part 1: The Convention- Rights an	d Freedoms
	Article 2: Right to life	
	Article 3: Right not to be	
	tortured or treated in an	
	inhuman or degrading way	
	Article 4: Right not to be	
	subjected to slavery/ forced	
	labour	
	Article 5: Right to liberty and	
	security	
	Article 6: Right to a fair trial	
	-	
	Article 7: No punishment	
	without law	
	Article 8: Right to respect for	
	private and family life	
	Article 9: Right to freedom of	
	thought, conscience and	
	religion	
	Article 10: Right to freedom of	
	expression	
	Article 11: Right to freedom of	
	assembly and association	
	Article 12: Right to marry	
	Article 14: Right not to be	
	discriminated against	
	Part 2: The First Protocol	
	Article 1: Protection of property/	
	peaceful enjoyment	
	Article 2: Right to education	
	Article 3: Right to free elections	
0 - 1		
Secti		
C: Mi	tigating and Assessing the Impact	

Taking into account the research, data, consultation and information you have reviewed



	community cohesion and human rights.
	- Community Community and Marian High to
Secti	on 3
	onitoring, evaluation & review of your policy
24.	Are there processes in place to review the findings of this EHRIA and make
	appropriate changes? In particular, how will you monitor potential barriers and any
	positive/ negative impact?
	Free transfer of the free tran
25.	How will the recommendations of this assessment be built into wider planning and
25.	review processes?
	e.g. policy reviews, annual plans and use of performance management systems
	e.g. peney reviewe, annual plane and use of performance management systems

Please list all the equality objectives, actions and targets that result from the Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment (EHRIA) (continue on separate sheets as necessary). These now need to be included in the relevant service plan for mainstreaming and performance management purposes.

Equality Objective	Action	Target	Officer Responsible	By when

Section 4: Sign off and scrutiny

Upon completion, the Lead Officer completing this assessment is required to sign the document in the section below.

It is required that this Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment (EHRIA) is scrutinised by your <u>Departmental Equalities Group</u> and signed off by the Chair of the Group.

Once scrutiny and sign off has taken place, a depersonalised version of this EHRIA should be published on Leicestershire County Council's website. Please send a copy of this form to louisa.jordan@leics.gov.uk, Members Secretariat, in the Chief Executive's department for publishing.

Section 4 A: Sign Off and Scrutiny
Confirm, as appropriate, which elements of the EHRIA have been completed and are required for sign off and scrutiny.
Equality and Human Rights Assessment Screening
Equality and Human Rights Assessment Report
1 st Authorised Signature (EHRIA Lead Officer): Date:
2 nd Authorised Signature (DEG Chair):
Date:

